## Electrical Safety



## **Best Practice Series BP-17**



Electrical or electrically-related fatalities have often occurred in coal and metal/nonmetal mines.

Victims have included electricians, truck drivers, supervisors, maintenance personnel, crusher operators, and mechanics.

## To help prevent electrical accidents you should:

- NOT do electrical work unless you're qualified.
- ALWAYS de-energize equipment and use lockout and tagout procedures. To ensure that equipment is not energized, test before troubleshooting or attempting to make repairs.
- NOT rely on someone else to do it; anyone working on electrical circuits or equipment must put their lock on equipment and be sure it's been deenergized.
- ALWAYS be careful of overhead power lines. Contact kills!

- NEVER touch or handle energized high-voltage cables.
- ALWAYS handle trailing cables with proper equipment.
- NEVER "wire out" or "bridge out" fuses.
- REMEMBER that water conducts electricity and can provide a path that kills.
- ALWAYS be careful around battery chargers. The gas that bubbles off batteries is highly explosive.

## Arrive Home Alive

U.S. Department of Labor Mine Safety and Health Administration Visit our Web site at www.msha.gov